HALLMARK®
SAFETY PRODUCTS

SPECIFICATION SHEET
NITRILE FLOCKLINED GLOVES

Technical Data

Color	GREEN
Sizes Available	XL/ LARGE
Packaging	Single Pair/ 12 pairs Bag
Packed	15 dozen/Case
Case Weight (lbs)	8.99
Country of Origin	INDIA
Polymer	NITRILE
Thickness	--
Lining	Cotton Flock lined
Length	13”
Cuff	Straight
Grip	Diamond
Dip	Single
Construction	NITRILE FLOCKLINED
Certifications	Compliant EN 374-1; EN 388
Product Circularity	--

Performance Data

ANSI Cut Level	--
EN 388	--
EN 374-5	--

NITRILE FLOCKLINED GLOVES

- Offers great dexterity, chemical Handling,
- Single dip construction
- Straight cuff adds additional length to protect the forearm from liquid run-off

Applications

- Enhanced Grip
- Warehousing and Package Handling
- Construction Applications
- General Assembly
- Light Duty General Work

Care Instructions

Do Not Wash Hot

ISO 374-1:2016/Type A
JKLMNO

ISO 374-1:2016/Type B
JKL

ISO 374-1:2016/Type C

Hallmark Safety Products
Regd. Office: 85/603. Poonam Complex, Shanti Park, Mira Road (East), Thane – 401107
Sales Office.: D 320, Shanti Shopping Centre, Mira Road East, Thane- 401107
Cell:+91 83691 76994 Email:Neeraj@hallmarksafetyproducts.com

Chemical Resistance Chart

This Chemical Resistance Chart is intended to provide general information about the reactions of different glove materials to the chemicals listed. Safety gloves have not been individually tested against these chemicals. Variability in glove thickness, chemical concentration, temperature, and length of exposure to chemicals will affect the performance.

Key: P=Poor, F=Fair, G=Good, E=Excellent, NR=Not Recommended

Chemical	Neoprene	Nitrile	Latex	PVC	Chemical	Neoprene	Nitrile	Latex	PVC
Acetaldehyde	E	P	F	NR	Kerosene	E	E	P	F
Acetic Acid	E	G	G	F	Lactic Acid	E	E	E	E
Acetone	G	NR	G	NR	Lauric Acid	E	E	G	F
Acetonitrile	F	NR	F	NR	Linoleic Acid	E	E	P	G
Ammonium Hydroxide<30%	E	E	G	E	Linseed Oil	E	E	P	E
Amyle Acetate	NR	E	F	P	Maleic Acid	E	E	P	G
Amyl Alcohol	P	G	G	NR	Methyl Acetate	G	P	P	NR
Aniline	G	NR	P	F	Methyl Alcohol	E	E	E	G
Animal Fats	E	E	P	G	Methylamine	G	E	E	E
Battery Acids	E	E	G	E	Methyl Bromide	NR	NR	NR	NR
Benzaldehyde	NR	NR	F	NR	Methylene Chloride	NR	NR	NR	NR
Benzene	NR	P	NR	NR	Methyl Cellusolve	E	F	P	-
Benzoly Chloride	NR	NR	P	NR	Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	G	NR	G	NR
Butane	F	E	P	P	Methylisobutyl Ketone	NR	P	F	NR
Butyl Acetate	NR	F	P	NR	Methyl Methacrylate	NR	P	P	NR
Butyl Alcohol	E	P	E	G	Mineral Oil	E	E	P	F
Butyl Cellusolve*	E	E	E	NR	Mineral Spirits	G	E	NR	F
Carbon Acid	E	P	P	G	Monoethanolamine	E	E	G	E
Carbon Disulfide	NR	NR	NR	NR	Morpholine	P	NR	G	NR
Carbon Tetrachloride	P	G	NR	NR	Muriatic Acids	E	G	G	G
Castor Oil	E	E	E	E	Naptha V.M & P.	G	E	NR	P
Cellosole Acetate	E	G	G	NR	Nitric Acid <30%	E	P	G	G
Cellosole Solvent	E	G	E	NR	Nitrile Acid 70%	G	NR	F	F
Chlorobenzene	NR	NR	NR	NR	Nitrile Acid Red Fuming	NR	NR	P	P
Chloroform	F	F	NR	NR	Nitrile Acid White Fuming	NR	NR	P	P
Chloronaphalens	NR	F	NR	NR	Nitrobenzene	NR	NR	P	NR
Chloroethene VG	NR	F	NR	P	Nitromethane	E	F	G	P
Chromic Acid	F	F	NR	G	Nitropropane	G	NR	E	NR
Citric Acid	E	E	E	E	Octyl Alcohol	E	E	G	F
Cottonseed Oil	E	E	P	G	Oleic Acid	E	E	P	F
Cresols	G	G	P	F	Paint Remover	G	G	F	P
Cutting Oil	E	E	F	P	Palmitic Acid	E	G	G	G
Cyclohexane	F	E	P	P	Pentachlorophenol	E	E	P	F
Cyclohexanol	E	E	P	G	Pentane	E	E	P	NR
Dibutyl Phthalate	F	G	P	G	Perchloric Acid 60%	E	E	P	E
Diethylamie	P	F	NR	NR	Potassium Hydroxide <50%*	E	G	E	E
Di-Isobutyl Ketone	P	E	P	P	Printing Ink	G	E	G	F
Dimethyl Formamide (DMF)	G	NR	E	NR	Propyl Acetate	P	F	P	NR
Dimethyl Sulfoxide (DMSO)	E	E	E	NR	Propyl Alcohol	E	E	E	F
Dicotyl Phthalate (DOP)	G	G	P	NR	Perchloroethylene	NR	G	NR	NR
Dioxane	NR	NR	NR	NR	Phenol	E	NR	G	G
Ethyl Acetate	F	NR	P	NR	Phosphoric Acid*	E	E	G	G
Ethyl Alcohol	E	E	E	G	Picric Acid	E	E	G	E
Ethylene Dichloride	NR	NR	P	NR	Propylene Oxide	NR	NR	P	NR
Ethylene Glycol	E	E	E	E	Rubber Solvent	G	E	NR	NR
Ethyl Ether	E	E	NR	NR	Sodium Hydroxide <50%	E	G	E	G
Ethylene Trichloride	P	P	P	NR	Stoddard Solvent	E	E	P	NR
Formaldehyde	E	E	E	E	Styrene*	NR	NR	NR	NR
Formic Acid	E	F	E	E	Sulfuric Acid 95%	F	G	NR	NR
Freon	G	F	NR	NR	Tannic Acid	E	E	E	E
Furfural	G	NR	E	NR	Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	NR	NR	NR	NR
Gasoline	P	E	NR	P	Toluene	P	G	NR	NR
Gylcerine	E	E	E	E	Toluene Di-Isocyanate (TDI)	NR	NR	P	P
Hexane	E	E	NR	NR	Trichlorethylene (TCE)	P	G	NR	NR
Hydraulic Fluid Petro. Based	F	E	P	G	Triricrestyl Phosophate (TCP)	F	E	G	F
Hydraulic Fluid Easter Based	P	P	P	P	Triethanolamine 85% (TEA)	E	E	G	E
Hydrazine 65%	E	E	G	E	Tung Oil	E	E	NR	F
Hydrochloric Acid*	G	E	E	E	Turbine Oil	E	G	P	F
Hydrofluoric Acid	G	E	E	E	Turpentine	G	E	P	P
Hydrogen Peroxide	E	E	E	E	Vegetable Oil	E	E	P	F
Hydroquinone	G	E	E	E	Xylene	P	G	NR	NR
Isobutyl Alcohol	E	E	E	F					
Iso-Octane	E	E	NR	P					
Isopropyl Alcohol*	E	E	E	G					

* ***Warning:*** Protective gloves and other protective apparel selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards. Glove and Apparel materials do not provide unlimited protection against all chemicals. It is the user's responsibility to determine before use that the Glove and Apparel will resist permeation and degradation by the chemicals (including chemical mixtures) in the environment of intended use. Failure by the user to select the correct protective gloves can result in injury, sickness, or death.